# Requirements Reuse and Patterns: A Survey

### REFSQ'14 – 10/04/2014

20th International Working Conference on Requirements Engineering: Foundation for Software Quality



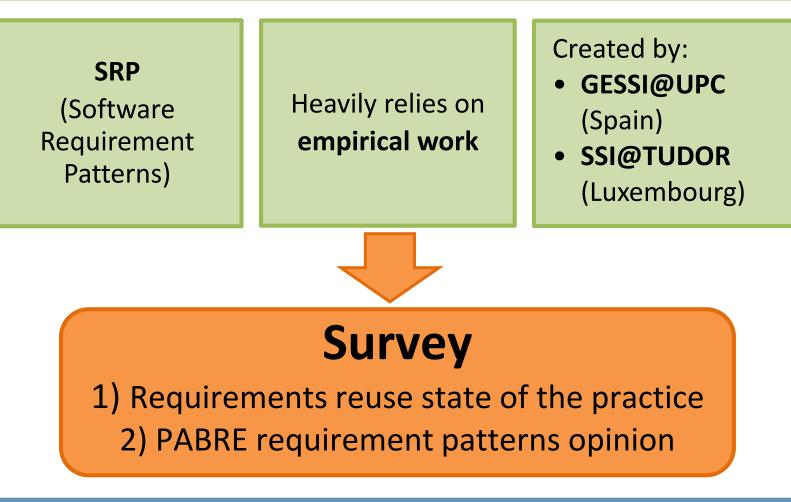
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### Outline

- 1. Context
- 2. Research Method
- **3.** Survey Results
- 4. Validity
- 5. Conclusions & Future work

### Context

### PABRE Framework (PAtterns Based Requirements Elicitation)



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### Design

- 8 sections
- 33 questions

### Data Analysis

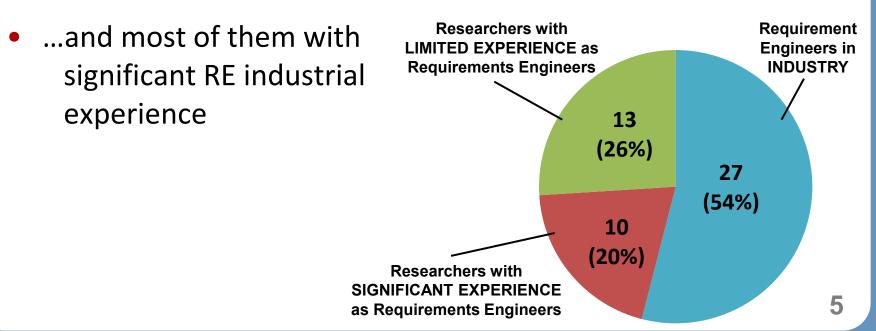
- Descriptive statistics
- Content analysis



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### **Survey Results**

- Preliminary results analysis
- 50 completed responses...
  - ... coming from 19 countries...
    - Europe → 21 participants (42%)
    - North America  $\rightarrow$  15 participants (30%)



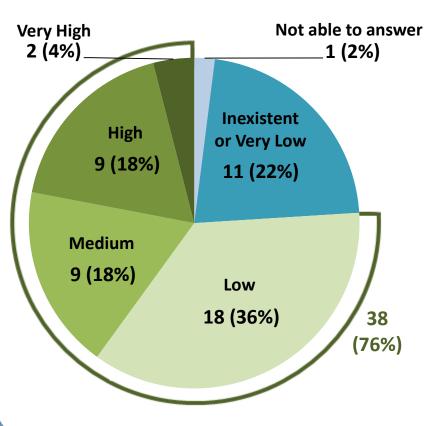
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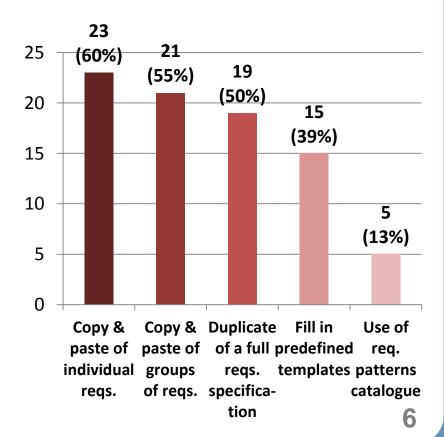
# Survey Results: RQ1 (i)

#### **RQ1:** Is requirements reuse a usual practice in RE processes?

#### Requirements Reuse Level



#### **Requirements Reuse Techniques**



## Survey Results: RQ1 (ii)

#### **RQ1:** Is requirements reuse a usual practice in RE processes?

#### **Requirements Types more Similar between Projects**

4. Usability
5. Reliability
6. Security
7. Maintainability
2. Performance Efficiency
11. Business Suitability
12. Project Suitability
3. Compatibility
8. Portability
1. Functionality Suitability

10. Product non-Technical Suitability

9. Supplier Suitability

Functional Requirement Types

Non-Functional Requirement Types

Non-Technical Requirement Types

## Survey Results: RQ2 (i)

# RQ2: Which benefits and drawbacks can appear from the use of a catalogue of SRP?

#### Problems ameliorated by using a SRP catalogue

Lack of requirements uniformity

Incompleteness of requirements specification

**Requirements ambiguity** 

Too little time invested in requirements elicitation

Requirements non-verifiable

Too much time spent in requirements elicitation

Stakeholders do not know exactly their needs

Stakeholders needs' change during the elicitation process

**Requirements inconsistency** 

Lack of requirements. traceability

Lack of requirements quantification

Lack of requirements prioritization

Conflicts among needs stated by stakeholders

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## Survey Results: RQ2 (ii)

RQ2: Which benefits and drawbacks can appear from the use of a catalogue of SRP?

#### Critical factors for introducing a SRP catalogue

Well-defined use method

Tool support

**Community of users existence** 

Training courses

Help desk

- *Ready-to-use SRP catalogue*
- Free trials periods
- Success cases

#### Barriers to adopt successfully a SRP catalogue

**Resistance of req. engineers to change** 

Integration of the catalogue with the existing req. engineering processes

Risk of converting requirements elicitation in a stiff process

Amount of reusable knowledge necessary to create and maintain

• Lack of management support

### Questionnaire design: avoid errors and misunderstandings

- Glossary
- Open-text fields
- Pilots
- Low response-rate
  - Engage participants
- Sampling validity
  - Random sampling
- Results generalization



## **Conclusions & Future Work**

- Requirements reuse is not a widespread practice
- SRP could help to ameliorate common problems in requirements specifications
  - Lack of uniformity, Incompleteness, Ambiguity
- Critical aspects for adopting SRPs
  - Staff and management support
  - Well-defined method
  - Tool support
- Future work
  - More responses
  - Analyse pure researchers' answers
  - Correlation and cluster analysis



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# **THANK YOU!!!** REFSQ'14 – 10/04/2014

http://www.upc.edu/gessi/PABRE/Survey.html



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